

IN THE CLAIMS:

1. (Currently Amended) An exposure apparatus for sequentially performing exposure of device patterns provided in a pattern effective area of a photo-mask ~~on to~~ onto shot areas of a wafer, comprising:

an illumination unit for collectively illuminating the entire pattern effective area of ~~said the~~ said the photo-mask contained within the an illumination range with exposure light;

a mask stage that moves ~~said the~~ said the photo-mask for ~~said the~~ said the illumination range in the mask scanning direction;

a wafer stage that moves ~~said the~~ said the wafer ~~for the~~ in a projection range in which the pattern effective area of ~~said the~~ said the photo-mask is projected in the wafer scanning direction; and

control means for, after containing at least one shot area of ~~said the~~ said the wafer within ~~said the~~ said the projection range to get device patterns provided in the pattern effective area of ~~said the~~ said the photo-mask ~~on to~~ onto the one shot area of ~~said the~~ said the wafer, synchronizing and controlling the movements of said mask stage and said wafer stage while keeping the entire pattern effective area of ~~said the~~ said the photo-mask contained within ~~said the~~ said the illumination range.

2. (Currently Amended) The exposure apparatus according to claim 1, wherein said wafer stage moves at a constant velocity or at a substantially constant velocity thereby keeping a plurality of shot areas of ~~said the~~ said the wafer contained sequentially within ~~said the~~ said the projection range.

3. (Currently Amended) The exposure apparatus according to claim 2,  
wherein said illumination unit comprises a laser light source that emits  
pulse light, and

said laser light source emits pulse exposure light at least once to  
perform exposure of device patterns provided in the pattern effective area of ~~said~~ the photo-mask  
~~on to~~ onto one of the shot areas of ~~said~~ the wafer.

4. (Currently Amended) The exposure apparatus according to claim 3,  
further comprising:

a projection lens for projecting the pattern effective area of ~~said~~ the  
photo-mask ~~on to said~~ onto the projection range,

wherein said control means keeps the entire pattern effective area of ~~said~~ the  
photo-mask contained within the field of view range of said projection lens while synchronizing  
and controlling the movements of said mask stage and said wafer stage.

5. (Currently Amended) The exposure apparatus according to claim 4,  
wherein the exposure apparatus satisfies the relationship:

$$D \geq ((Ma + Mb)^2 + Md^2)^{1/2}$$

where,

Ma: Length of the pattern effective area of ~~said~~ the photo-mask pattern  
in the mask scanning direction

Mb: Amount of movement of ~~said~~ the photo-mask in ~~said~~ the mask  
scanning direction when exposure is performed ~~on to~~ onto one of the shot areas of ~~said~~ the wafer

Md: Width of ~~said~~ the photo-mask

D: Diameter of the field of view range.

6. (Currently Amended) The exposure apparatus according to claim 4,  
wherein the exposure apparatus satisfies the relationship:

$$T_a \leq (W_a - W_b)/V$$

where,

Ta: Time after exposure of one shot area of ~~said~~ the wafer is completed, then ~~said~~ the mask stage is returned to the initial position in ~~said~~ the mask scanning direction until synchronization is established with ~~said~~ the wafer stage that has moved in ~~said~~ the wafer scanning direction for an exposure ~~on to~~ onto the next shot area of ~~said~~ the wafer

V: Moving velocity of said wafer stage

Wa: Length of one shot area of ~~said~~ the wafer in ~~said~~ the wafer scanning direction

Wb: Amount of movement of ~~said~~ the wafer in ~~said~~ the wafer scanning direction when exposure is performed ~~on to~~ onto one shot area of ~~said~~ the wafer.

7. (Currently Amended) The exposure apparatus according to claim 4,  
wherein said mask stage is returned to an initial position for every one row or one column of consecutive shot areas of ~~said~~ the wafer, and

the time for returning to the initial position is shorter than the time for movement for changing the row or column of said wafer stage in order to move to the next shot area.

8. (Original) The exposure apparatus according to claim 4, wherein said illumination unit comprises an illumination sensor to determine whether a predetermined amount of exposure has been reached or not, and terminates pulse emission of said laser light source when the total amount of exposure of said illumination sensor has reached the predetermined amount of exposure.

9. (Currently Amended) The exposure apparatus according to claim 4, further comprising:  
voltage measuring means for measuring an applied voltage of said laser light source;

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gas concentration measuring means for measuring gas concentration in  
the a chamber of said laser light source; and

storing means for storing a light emission history of said laser light source as data,

wherein said laser light source calculates total exposure energy based on information of any one of or a combination of measurement results of said voltage measuring means and gas concentration measuring means or said the light emission history data and controls based on said calculation result so that the next pulse emission reaches predetermined exposure energy.

10. (Currently Amended) The exposure apparatus according to claim 4, wherein said illumination unit comprises a micro mirror array for adjusting exposure energy in the light path, and

said micro mirror array is controlled based on information of any one or a combination of said illumination sensor, said voltage control means, said gas concentration measuring means and ~~said~~ the light emission history data so that pulse light emission reaches predetermined exposure energy.

11. (Currently Amended) The exposure apparatus according to claim 4, wherein one or a plurality of device patterns is provided in the pattern effective area of ~~said~~ the photo-mask.

12. (Currently Amended) The exposure apparatus according to claim 4, wherein the pulse light emission count for one shot area of ~~said~~ the wafer is controlled under the relationship  $I \cdot S / (J \cdot P)$

where,

I: Amount of required exposure per unit area

S: Area of one shot area of ~~said~~ the wafer

J: One-time pulse light emission energy from said laser light source

P: Transmittance for light of exposure wavelength from said laser light

source to ~~said~~ the wafer.

Claims 13-16. (Withdrawn).

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